

TURUNAN 1

1. $y = (3x^4 + 2x^2 + x)(x^2 + 7)$

$y' = (12x^3 + 4x + 1)(x^2 + 7) + (3x^4 + 2x^2 + x)(2x)$

$\begin{array}{r} 12x^3 + 4x + 1 \\ \hline x^2 + 7 \\ \hline 12x^5 + 4x^3 + x^2 \\ \hline 8x^3 + 28x + 7 \\ \hline 12x^5 + 88x^3 + x^2 + 28x + 7 \\ \hline 12x^5 + 88x^3 + x^2 + 28x + 7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3x^4 + 2x^2 + x \\ \hline 2x \\ \hline 6x^5 + 4x^3 + 2x^2 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} 6x^5 + 4x^3 + 2x^2 \\ \hline 18x^5 + 92x^3 + 3x^2 + 28x + 7 \end{array}$	
$y' = 18x^5 + 92x^3 + 3x^2 + 28x + 7$	

2. $y = (x^3 + 3x^2)(4x^2 + 2)$

$y' = (3x^2 + 6x)(4x^2 + 2) + (x^3 + 3x^2)8x$

$\begin{array}{r} 3x^2 + 6x \\ \hline 4x^2 + 2 \\ \hline 12x^4 + 24x^3 \\ \hline 6x^2 + 12x \\ \hline 12x^4 + 24x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} x^3 + 3x^2 \\ \hline 8x \\ \hline 8x^4 + 24x^3 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} 8x^4 + 24x^3 \\ \hline 20x^4 + 48x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x \end{array}$	
$y' = 20x^4 + 48x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x$	

3	$y = \frac{1}{3x^2+1}$	6.) $y = \frac{x-1}{x+1}$
1	$u = 3x^2+1 \rightarrow u' = 6x$	$u = x-1 \rightarrow u' = 1$
	$y = 1/u$	$v = x+1 \rightarrow v' = 1$
	$y = u^{-1}$	$y = u/v$
	$= -1u^{-2}$	$y' = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2}$
	$= -(3x^2+1)^{-2} \cdot 6x$	$= \frac{(x+1) - (x-1)}{(x+1)^2}$
	$= \frac{-6x}{(9x^2+1)^2}$	$y' = \frac{2}{(x+1)^2}$
4.	$y = \frac{2}{5x^2-1}$	
	$u = 5x^2-1 \rightarrow u' = 10x$	7.) $y = \frac{2x^2-3x+1}{2x+1}$
	$y = 1/u$	$u = 2x^2-3x+1 \rightarrow u' = 4x-3$
	$= u^{-1}$	$v = 2x+1 \rightarrow v' = 2$
	$= -u^{-2}$	$y = u/v$
	$= -(5x^2-1)^{-2} \cdot (10x)$	$y' = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2}$
	$= \frac{-10x}{(5x^2-1)^2}$	$= \frac{(4x-3)(2x+1) - 2(2x^2-3x+1)}{(2x+1)^2}$
5	$y = \frac{1}{4x^2-3x+9}$	$\frac{(8x^2-2x-3) + (-4x^2+6x-2)}{(2x+1)^2}$
Miscal	$u = 4x^2-3x+9$	$\frac{4x^2+4x-5}{(2x+1)^2}$
	$u' = 8x-3$	
	$y = 1/u$	8.) $y = (2-9x)^{15}$
	$= -u^{-2} u'$	$y' = 15(2-9x)^{14} \cdot 9$
	$= -(4x^2-3x+9)^{-2} (8x-3)$	$= 135(2-9x)^{14}$
	$= \frac{-(8x-3)}{(4x^2-3x+9)^2}$	

$$4. x^2 \sin(xy) + y = x$$

$$2x \sin(xy) + x^2 \cos(xy)(y + xy') + y' = 1$$

$$2x \sin(xy) + x^2 \cos(xy)y + x^3 \cos(xy)y' + y' = 1$$

$$y'(x^3 \cos(xy) + 1) = 1 - 2x \sin(xy) + x^2 y \cos(xy)$$

$$y' = \frac{1 - 2x \sin(xy) + x^2 y \cos(xy)}{x^3 \cos(xy) + 1}$$

$$5. x^3 y^2 + x^2 + y = 10$$

$$dx(x^3 y^2) + dx(x^2) + dx(y) = dx(10)$$

$$3x^2 y^2 + x^3 2y y' + 2x + y' = 0$$

$$y'(x^3 2y + 1) = -2x - 3x^2 y^2$$

$$y' = \frac{-2x - 3x^2 y^2}{x^3 2y + 1}$$

$$6. \sin(xy) + x^2 = y^2 + 1$$

$$dx(\sin(xy)) + dx(x^2) = dx(y^2) + dx(1)$$

$$\cos(xy)(y + xy') + 2x = 2yy' + 0$$

$$y \cos(xy) + x \cos(xy)y' + 2x = 2yy'$$

$$y'(\cos(xy)x - 2y) = -2x - y \cos(xy)$$

$$y' = \frac{-2x - y \cos(xy)}{x \cos(xy) - 2y}$$

26	$4x^3 + 11xy^2 - 2y^3 = 0$	30) $6x\sqrt{2xy} + xy^3 = y^2$
	$12x^2 + 11(y^2 + xyY') - 2Y^2Y' = 0$	$6 - (\sqrt{2})(\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}y^{\frac{1}{2}}) - \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2}y^{-\frac{1}{2}}Y' + Y^3 + x3Y^2Y' = 2TY$
	$12x^2 + 11Y^2 + 11xyY' - 2Y^2Y' = 0$	$6 - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\frac{Y}{x} - Y'\sqrt{2}\frac{x}{Y} + Y^3 + 3xY^2Y' = 2TY'$
	$Y'(11xy - 2Y^2) = -12x^2 - 11Y^2$	$Y'(3xY^2 - \sqrt{2}\frac{x}{Y} - 2Y) = -Y^3 + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\frac{Y}{x} - 6$
	$Y' = \frac{-12x^2 - 11Y^2}{11xy - 2Y^2}$	$Y' = \frac{-Y^3 + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\frac{Y}{x} - 6}{3xY^2 - \sqrt{2}\frac{x}{Y} - 2Y}$
27	$\sqrt{xy} + 3y = 10x$	IMPLICIT
	$x^{1/2}y^{1/2} + 3y = 10x$	31) $x^3 - 3x^2y + y^2 = 0$
	$\frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}y^{1/2} + x^{1/2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}y^{-1/2}Y' + 3Y' = 10$	$3x^2 - (6xy + 3x^2Y') + 2YY' = 0$
	$Y'(\frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}y^{1/2} + 3) = 10 - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{Y/x}$	$3x^2 - 6xY - 3x^2Y' + 2YY' = 0$
	$Y'(\frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}y^{1/2} + 3) = 10 - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{Y/x}$	$Y'(2Y - 3x^2) = 6xY - 3x^2$
	$Y' = \frac{10 - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{Y/x}}{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{Y/x} + 3}$	$Y' = \frac{6xY - 3x^2}{2Y - 3x^2}$
28	$xy + \sin y = x^2$	32) $y + \sin(xy) = 1$
	$y + xY' + \cos y - Y' = 2x$	$Y' + \cos(xy)(Y + xY') = 0$
	$Y'(x + \cos y) = 2x - Y$	$Y' + \cos(xy)Y + x\cos(xy)Y' = 0$
	$Y' = \frac{2x - Y}{x + \cos y}$	$Y'(x\cos(xy) + 1) = -Y\cos(xy)$
		$Y' = \frac{-Y\cos(xy)}{x\cos(xy) + 1}$
29	$\cos(xy) = y^2 + 2x$	33) $\tan(xy) - 2y = 0$
	$-\sin(xy)(Y + xY') = 2Y' + 2$	$\sec^2(xy)(Y + xY') - 2Y' = 0$
	$-Y\sin(xy) - xY'\sin(xy) = 2Y' + 2$	$xY'\sec^2(xy) + Y\sec^2(xy) - 2Y' = 0$
	$-Y^2y - xY'\sin(xy) = 2 + Y\sin(xy)$	$Y'(x\sec^2(xy) - 2) = -Y\sec^2(xy)$
	$-Y'(2Y + \sin(xy)) = 2 + Y\sin(xy)$	$Y' = \frac{-Y\sec^2(xy)}{x\sec^2(xy) - 2}$
	$Y' = \frac{-2 + Y\sin(xy)}{2Y + \sin(xy)}$	